

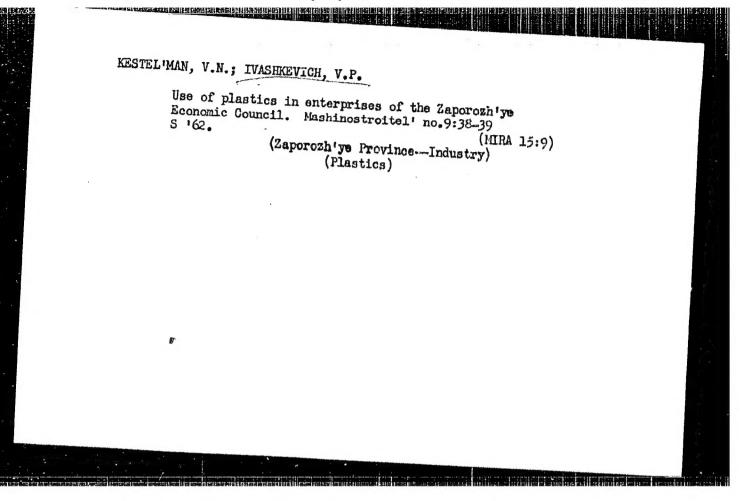
KESTEL'MAN, V.N., inzh.; IVASHKEVICH, V.P., inzh.

Manufacturing capron bushings. Mashinostroenis no.6:29-31 N.D

'62.

1. Zaporozhskiy avtozavod "Komminar".

(Nylon)

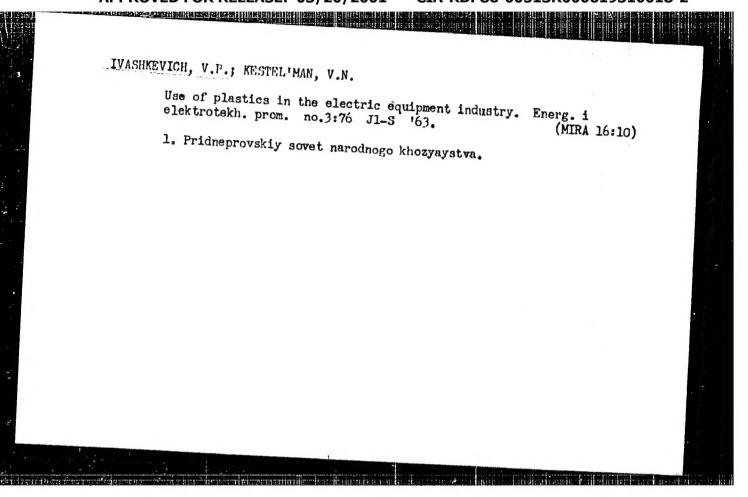


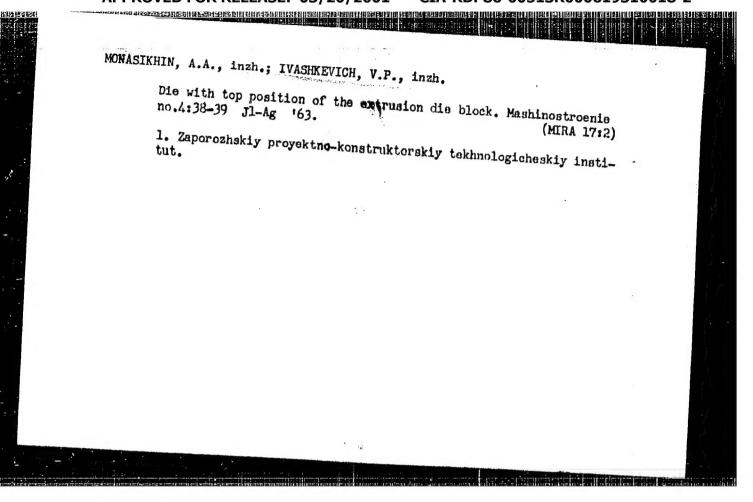
IVASHKEVICH, V.P.; SENYUSHOV, V.M.

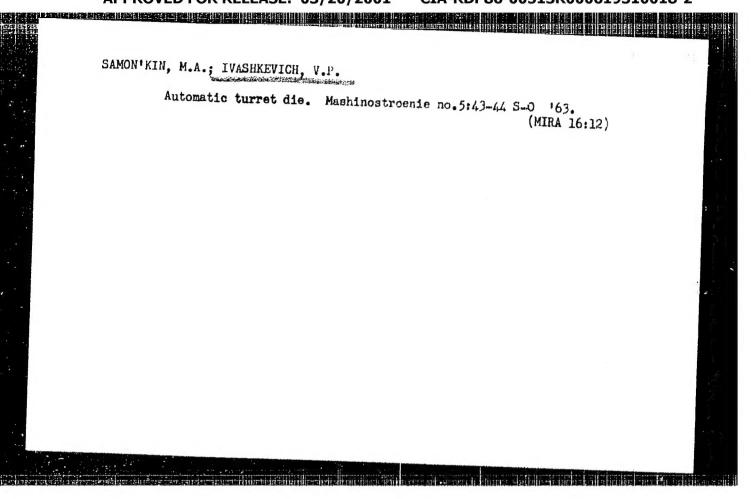
Stamping parts with wedged seams. Mashinostroenie no.1:11-12 (MIRA 16:7)

1. Zaporozhskoye otdeleniye TSentral'nogo byuro tekhnicheskoy informatsii Pridneprovskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystva.

(Forging)







AUTHOR: Kestel'man, V. N.; Ivashkevich, V. P.

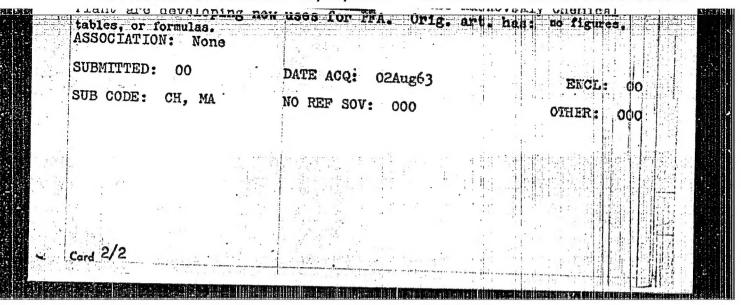
TITLE: New polymeric material for machine building 15

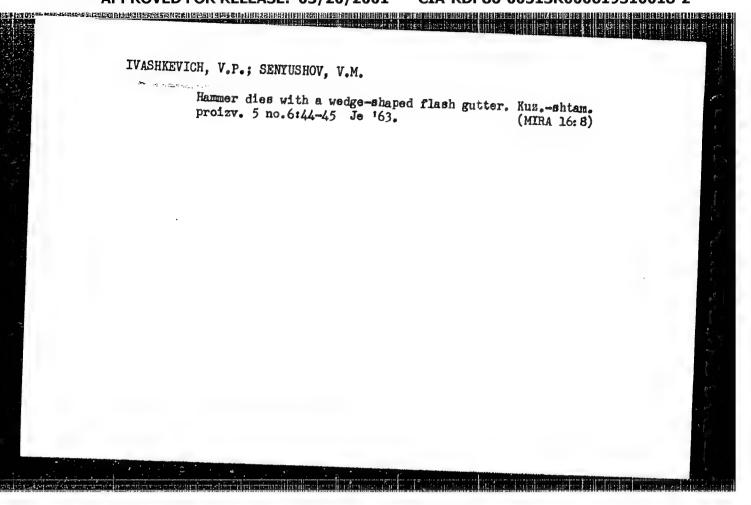
SOURCE: Byulleten' tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii, no. 6, 1963,

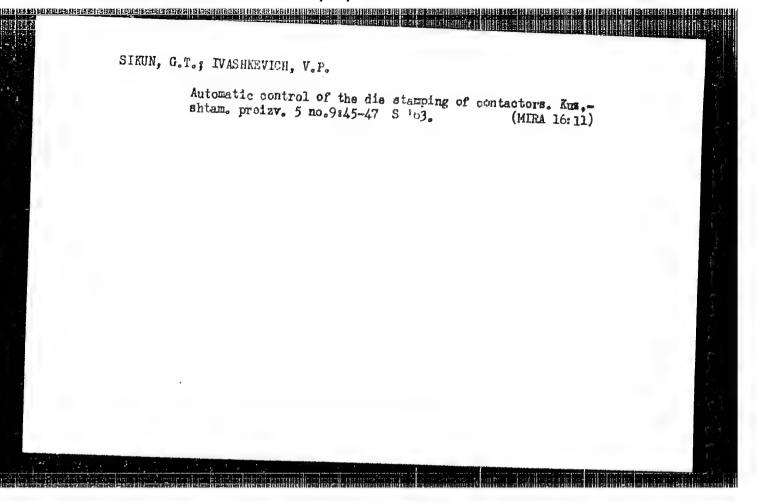
TOPIC TAGS: polyformaldehyde, polymeric material, machine part heat resistance, weer resistance

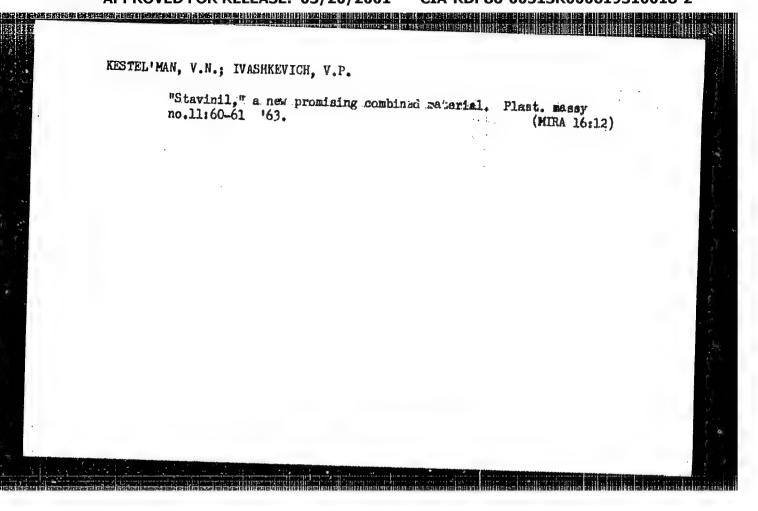
ABSTRACT: The Kuskovskiy Chemical Flant has developed a new polymeric material known as polyformaldehydel (PFA). PFA is more wear resistant

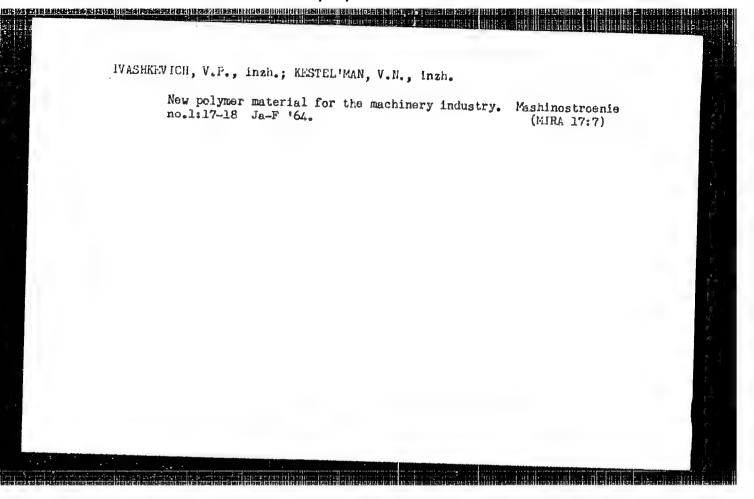
form of yellow granules which are processed by die casting, pressing, soaking in boiling water or oil at 427°K for 1-3 min for each 1 mm of part thickness. Wear resistance of PFA has proven superior to

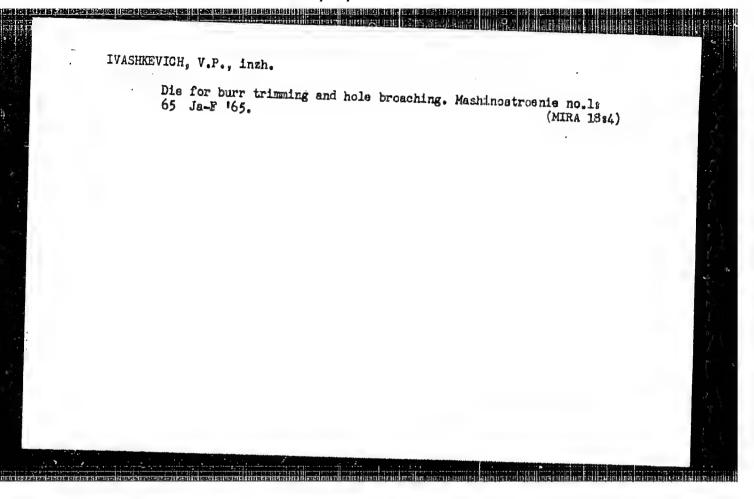


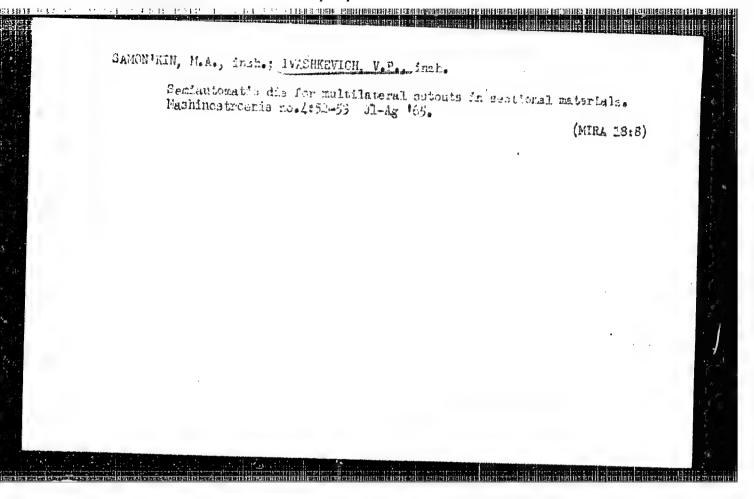






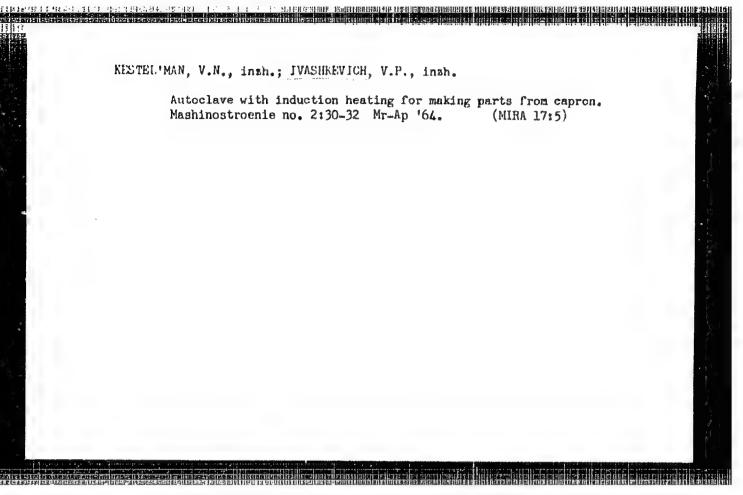






SHARAPOV, N.I., inzh.; IVASHKEVICH, V.P., inzh.

Molybdenum disulfide is a means for increasing the strength of tools. Mashinostroenie no.5%51-52 S-0 64 (MIRA 18%2)

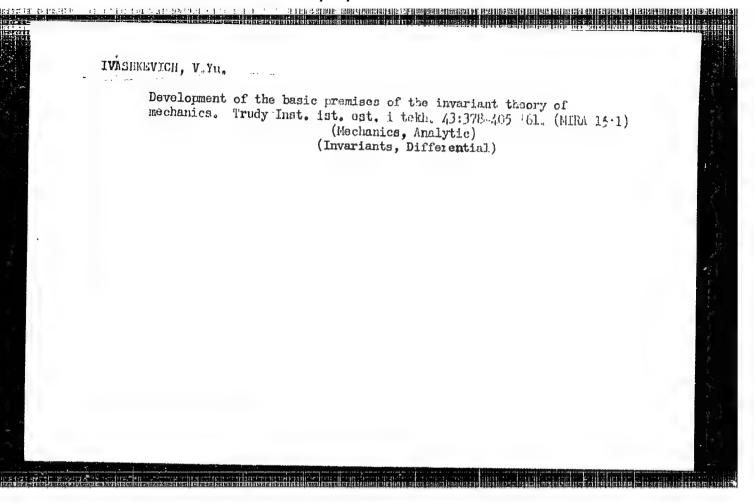


TOBILEVICH, N. Yu.; SAGAN', I. I.; GARYAZHA, V.T.; TKACHENKO, S. I.; VOVCHENKO, V. S.; IVASHKEVICH, V. V.

Effect of the rate of the sugar juice motion on the thermal resistance of the deposits and on the heat transfer during heating. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; pishch.tekh.no. 2:106-109 164.

(HIRA 17:5)

1. Kiyevskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy promyshlennosti, k#fedra promyshlennoy teploenergetiki.



DIKIY, G.F.; BUTENKO, B.M.; IVASHKEVICH, Yu.K.; IVASHCHENKO, B.P.; LOMAKIN, V.F.

[Automation of production processes in the wine and brandy making factory in Tiraspol] Avtomatizatsiia proizvodstvennykh protsessov na Tiraspol'skom vinnokon'iachnom zavode. Moskva, TSentr. in-t nauchnotekhn. informatsii pishchevoi promyshl., 1964. 32 p.
(MIRA 17:11)

IVASHKIN, A. M., FEDORENKO, V. 1., SHKUD, M. A., GEL'MAN, F. A., RYABOV, K. M., KUCHUK, Ye. N. and PAKHOMOV, O. I.

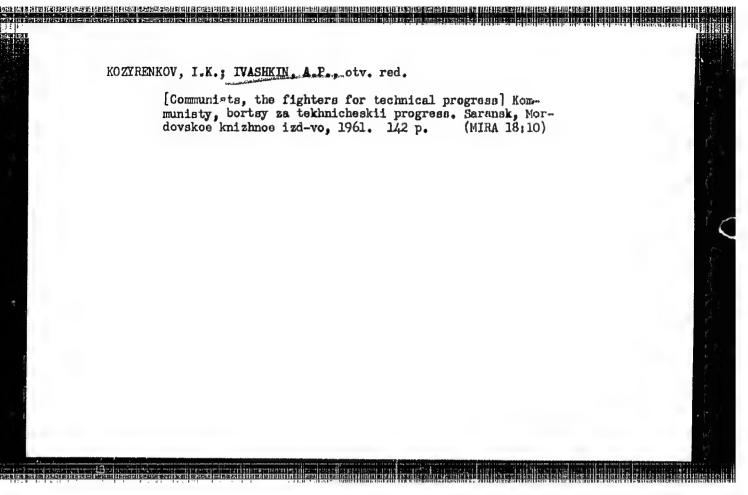
Antenna Switch, Patent, Class 21a4. 7204, No. 103460, Elektrosvysz' No. 1, Jan 57.

GOIDINA, V.N.; IVASHKIN, A.M.; KIRCHAKOVA, T.L.; USFERSKIY, A.K., prof., red.; KHROMCHENKO, F.I., red. izd-va; SUNGUROV, V.S., tekhn.red.

[Problems of elementary mathematics essential for the study of geodesy]Voprosy elementarnoi matematiki meobkhodimoi pri izuchmii geodezii. Sost. V.N.Goldina, A.M.Ivashkin, T.L.Kirchakova. Pod red. A.K.Uspenskogo. Moskva, Izd-vo geodez. lit-ry, 1962.

39 p. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Moscow. Institut inzhenerov zemleustroystva. Kafedra vysshey matematiki. (Mathematics)

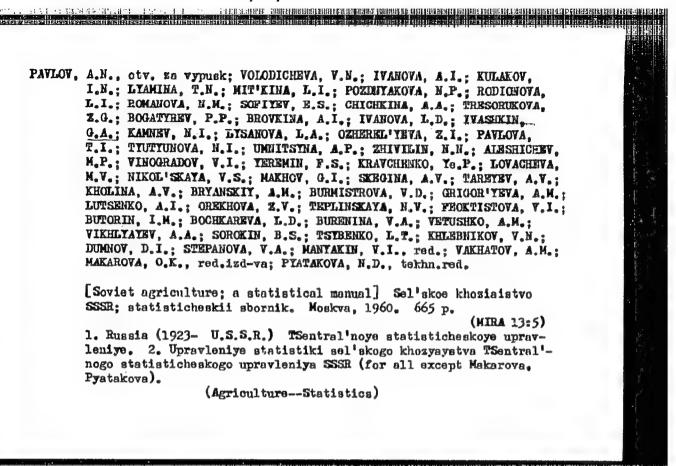


ANOKHIN, V.L.; ZARINSKIY, V.A.; IVASHKIN, A.V.

High-frequency sensing element for recording yield curves in chromatographic apparatus. Zav.lab. 28 no.8:1010-1012 '62.

1. Institut reokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii imeni V.I.
Vernadskogo AN SSSR i Institut obshchey i komzunal'noy gigiyeny
AMN SSSR.

(Chromatographic analysis)



TAIMUD, S.L.; TURZHETSKAYA, A.N.; VOLKOV, V.A.; IVASHKIE, G.P.; FEDOTOV, Yu.M.

Colloidal solubility of the resin from sulfite pulp and rosin. Koll.

zhur. 22 no.4:477-481 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut, Kafedra fizicheskoy i kolloidnoy khimii.

(Gums and resins)

8/080/63/036/002/011/019 D403/D307

AUTHORS:

Klenkova, N. I. and Ivashkin, G. P.

TITLE:

On the internal surface and capillary structure of

natural and mercerized cotton cellulose

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimit, v.36, no. 2, 1963, 398-408

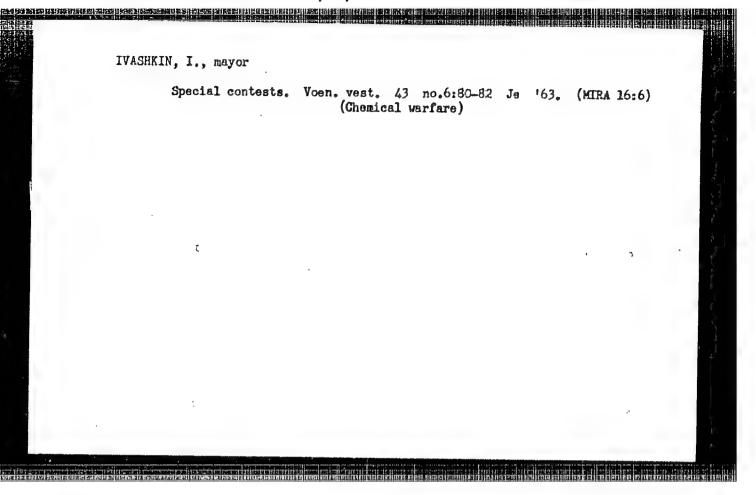
TEXT: The present article is the VIth communication in a series of studies concerned with the reactivity of cellulose fibers. The above problem was studied, on cotton wool and on cotton wool mercerized with 17.5% NaOH, washed and dried at room temperature, by measuring the sorption of N₂ (at -198°C), water vapor, MeOH, EtOH and CH₂COOH at 20°C. Sorption of N₂ showed that mercerized fibers had an internal surface ~4 times smaller than the matural product, and the distribution of (effective) capillary radii was much less favorable to penetration by reagents than in the untreated fibers. Mercerized fibers were also considerably less penetrable to the organic molecules (this varied, however, with the compound con-Card 1/2

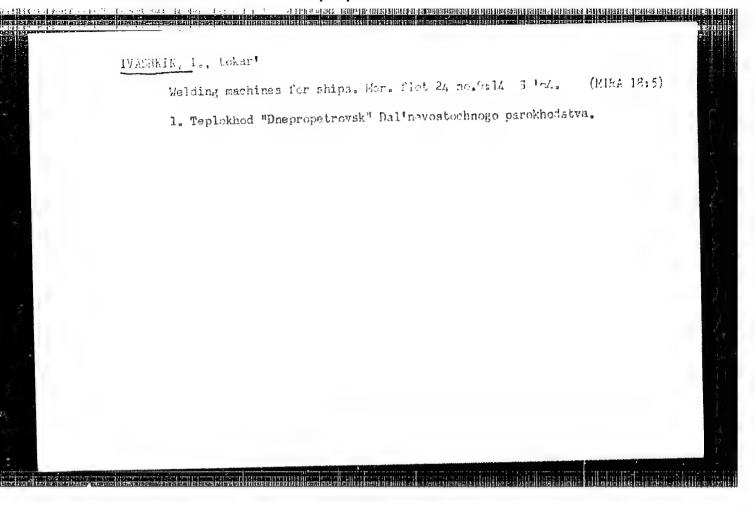
On the internal surface ... S/080/63/036/002/011/019

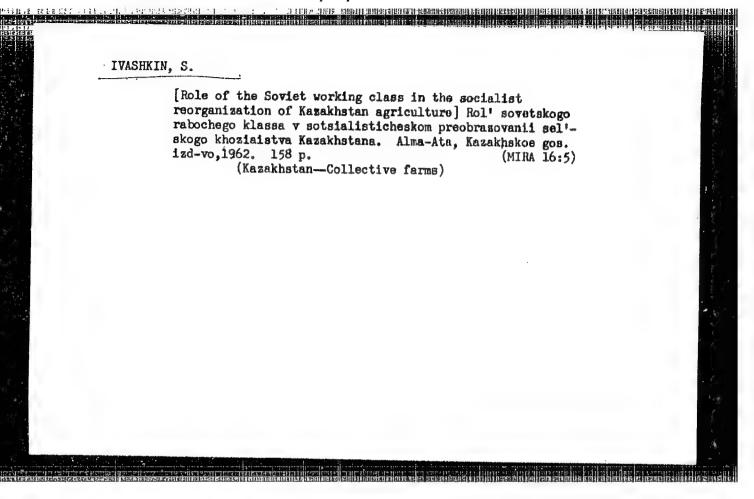
cerned) but more penetrable to water than the natural fiber. The penetration of water may be unaffected by the presence of capillaries. It is considered that the internal surface, capillary radiation and its change on swelling are important factors, and untreated fibers are ascribed to these factors. There are 9

SEMINATED: November 3, 1961

Card







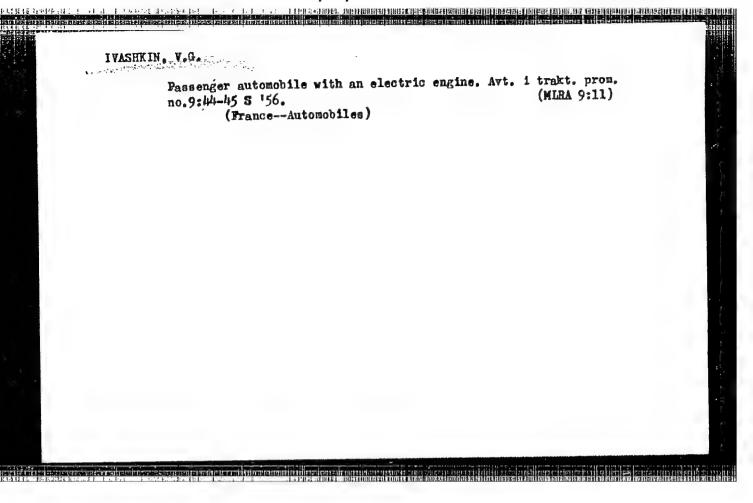
fust ofthe di 113-58-5-15/22 Ivashkin, V.A. AUTHOR: Alkaline Ferro-Nickel and Cadmium-Nickel Accumulators Used in TITLE: France (Shchelochnyye zhelezo- nikelevyye i kadmiyevo-nikelevyye akkumulyatory primenyayemyye vo Frantsii) PERIODICAL: Avtomobil'naya Promyshlennost', 1958, Nr ,2 pp 39-40 (USSR) This is a description of the accumulators used in France and ABSTRACT: constructed by the "Societé des Accumulateurs Fixes de Traction". There are 2 figures and 1 table. Library of Congress AVAILABLE: 1. Automobile industry-Batteries Card 1./1

IVASHKIN, Vasiliy Dmitriyevich, udarnik kommunisticheskogo truda (1922-); POLYAKOVA, V., red.; PAVLOVA, S., tekhn. red.

[Your hand, comrade!]Ruku, tovarishch! Moskva, Mosk. rabochii, 1962. 42 p. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Zven'yevoy-mekhanizator sovkhoza "Zaokskiy", Podmoskov'ye 1 Deputat Balkovskogo sel'skogo soveta, chlen Serpukhovskogo Rayonnogo komiteta Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza (for Ivashkin).

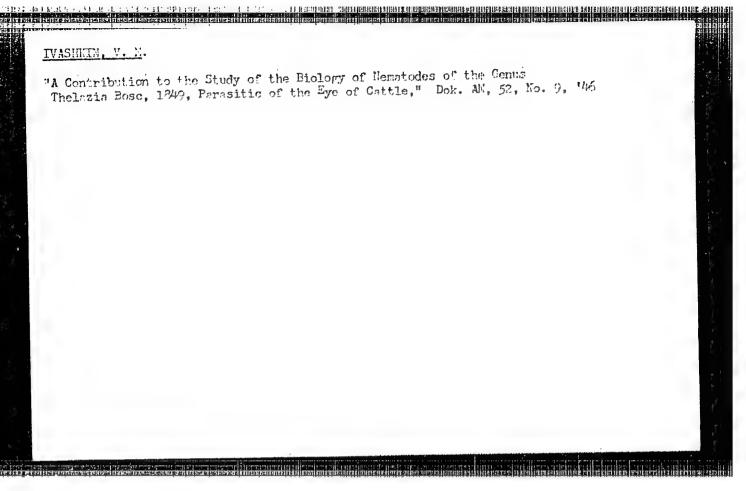
(Agricultural machinery-Technological innovations)

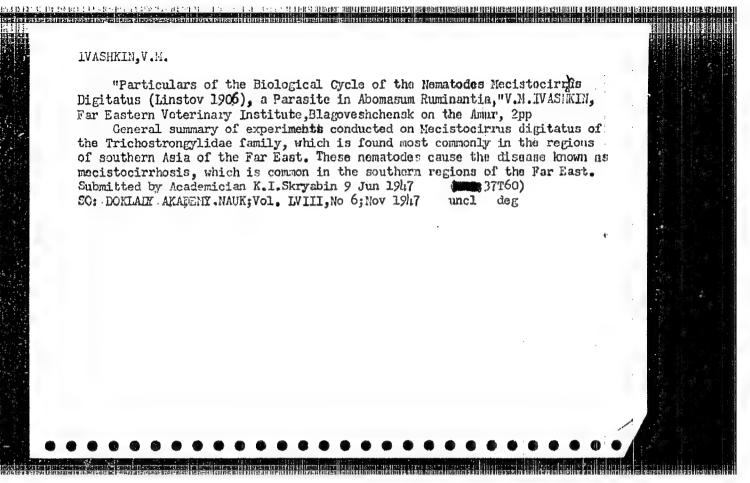


TVASHEUR, V.M., doktor veter. nauk: KHRCOVA, 1.A., whenkiy navesnyy
Sötrudnik; SHMTOVA, G.Ye., mladshiy navesnyy rounik

Stephanofilariasis in cattle. Veterinardia 40 nc.8:36-39 Ag :63.
(MERA 17:10)

1. Gel'mintologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR.





IVASHKIN, V. M.

Krastin, N. I. and Ivashkin, V. M.

**Telyaziosis* of the eyes of horses in the far east", Shornik rabot po gelmintologii (Vascoyuz, in-t gel'mintologii im. akad. Skryabina), hoscow, 1948, p. 121-23.

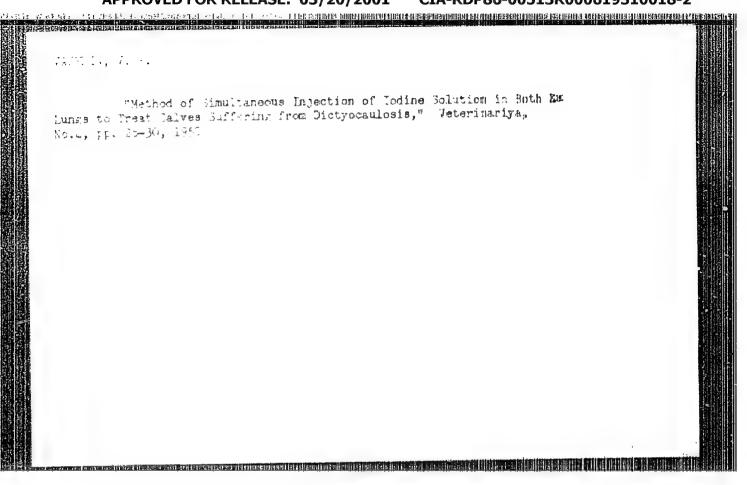
S0: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis'nykh Statey, No. 10, 1949).

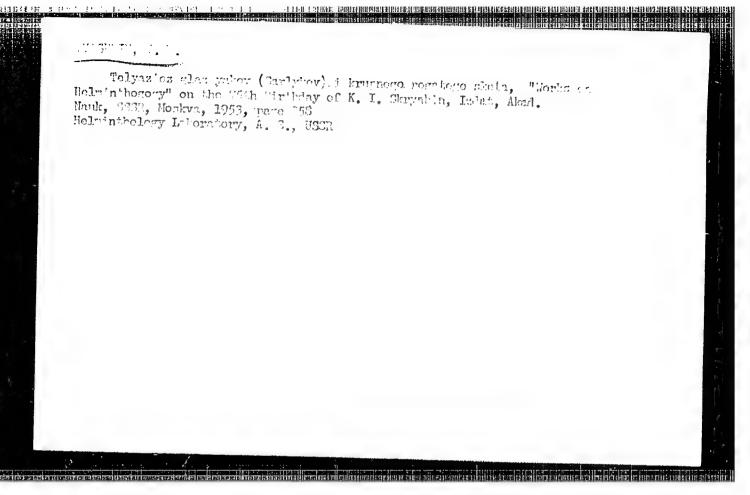
IVASHKIN, V. M.					
25900 FWE	na pri metsistotsin	rosse krupnaeo sk	tota. Veterinar	ia, 1949,	
SO: Letopis' No. 34					

IVASHKIN, V. M.

Ivashkin, V. M. - "Metsistotsirroz" of large horned cattle and measures to combat it", (Thesis of a candidate's dissertation), Trudy Gel'mintol. laboratorii (Akad. nauk SSSR), Vol. 11, 1949, p. 226-29.

S0: U-4630, 16 Sept. 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 23, 1949).





SKRYABIN, K.I., redaktor; SHIKHOBALOVA, N.P.; SHUL'TS, R.S.; IVASHKIN, V.M., redaktor; ALEKSEYEVA, T.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

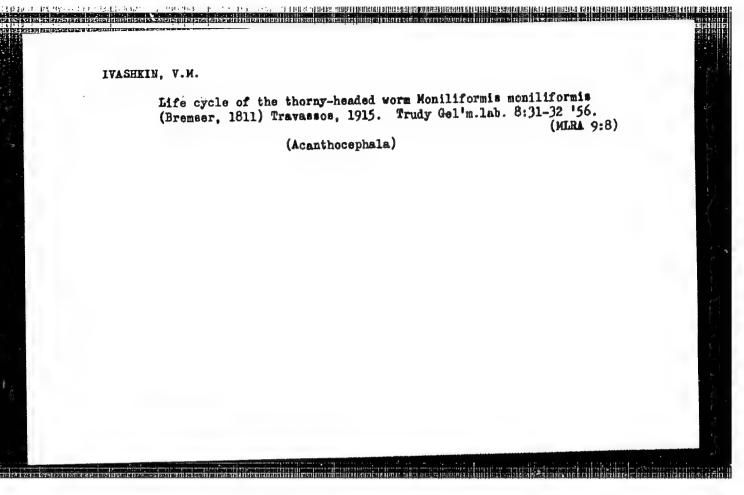
[Principles of nematology] Osnovy nematodologii. Pod red. K.I.Skriabina. Moskva. Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR. Vol.4. [Dictyocaulidae. Heligmosomatidae, and Ollulanidae in animals] Diktiokaulidy. geligmozomatidy i ollulanidy zhivotnykh. 1954. 323 P. (MIRA 8:4)

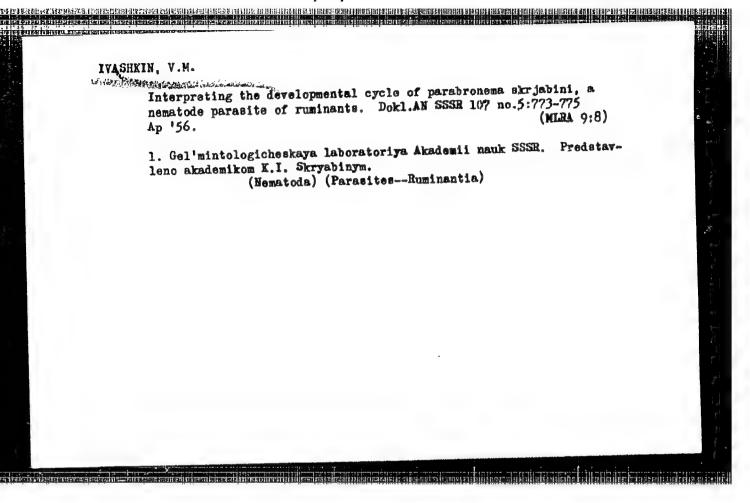
1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Gel'mintologicheskaya laboratoriya. (Nematoda)

IVASHKIN, V.M.; NEMCHINOV, V.S., akademik, redaktor; LAVRHNKO, Ye.M., redaktor; SHULIZHENKO, I.F., redaktor; SKRYABIN, K.I., akademik, redaktor; redaktor; PETROV, A.M., redaktor; ALEKSEYEVA, T.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

Helminths of farm animals in the Mongolian People's Republic. Trudy Mong.kom. no.68:3-213 '55. (MLRA 9:3)

Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Lavrenko).
 (Parasites--Domestic animals)(Mongolia--Worms, Intestinal and parasitic)





IVASHKIN, V. M.

"Parabronamathosis, a New Helminthosis of Ruminants, its Epizcology, Prevention and the Life Cycle of its Causative Agent."

report submitted at Fourth International Regional Conference of Asian Countries on Parasitic Diseases in Animals, 31 May to 7 June 1958, Alma Ata, Kazakh SSR.

Cand. Vet. Sci.; Helminthological Lab, USSR Acal. Sci. Moscow.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000619310018-2 I FOR THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

50V-26-58-8-11/51

AUTHORS:

Ivashkin, V.M., Candidate of Veterinary Sciences; Ryzhikov,

K.M., Candidate of Biological Sciences

TITLE:

Study of the Biological Cycles of Nematodes (Izucheniye bio-

logicheskikh tsiklov nematod)

PERIODICAL:

Priroda, 1958, Nr 8, pp 63-65 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Nematodes are a group of parasitic worms, the helminths. They cause considerable loss in agriculture and animal raising. The diseases caused by them are named helminthoses. The biological cycle of many helminths has not yet been investigated. A team of scientists (Ryzhikov, Gubanov, Fedorov) has studied the cycle of Protostrongylus kamenskyi, i.e. of the lung nematodes of the hare in Yakutia. The biological cycle of Gnathostoma hispidum has been discovered by Golovin. This parasite settles in the stomach of animals and sometimes in man. Ivashkin investigated the cycle of Parabronema skrfabini which infects the stomachs of ruminating animals; cattle, camels, sheep, goats, etc. Karmanova investigated the cycle of Hystrichis tricolor infecting the stomachs of domesticated and wild ducks. Further investigations are being

Card 1/2

Study of the Biological Cycles of Nematodes

SOV-26-58-8-11/51

undertaken by the Helminthological Laboratory of the USSR Aca-

demy of Sciences.

There are 2 diagrams.

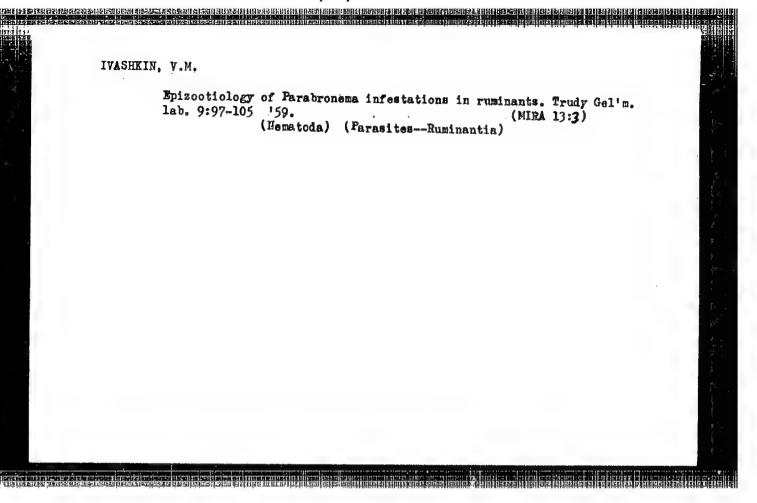
ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya gel'mintologii Akademii nauk SSSR (Laboratory of

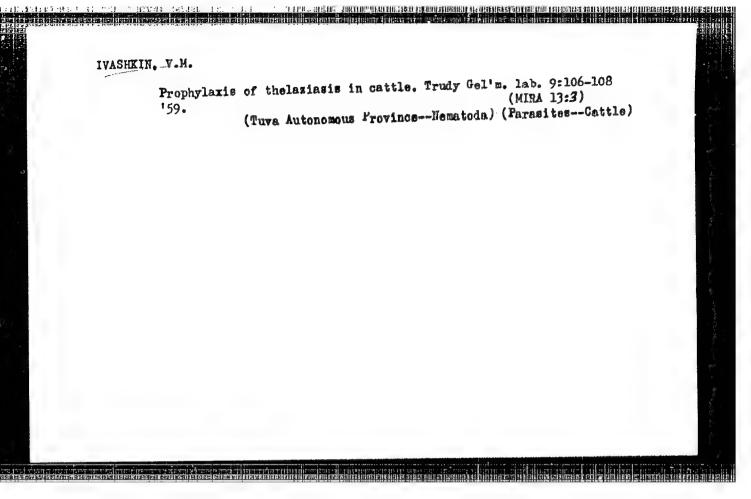
Helminthology of the USSR Academy of Sciences)

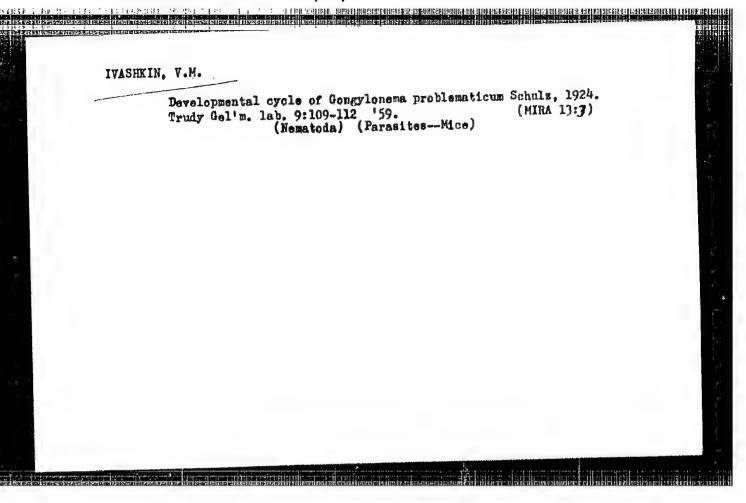
1. Syphacia-Pathological effects 2. Syphacia-Physiological effects

3. Animals--Parasites

Card 2/2







SPASSKIY, A.A.; IVASHKIN, V.M.; BOGOYAVLENSKIY, Yu.K.

Work of the 306th All-Union Helminthological Expedition of 1956
in the Tuva Autonomous Province. Trudy Gel'm. lab. 9:311-313
(MIRA 13:3)

(TUVA AUTONOMOUS PROVINCE.—YORMS, INTESTINAL AND PARASITIO)

IVACHXIN, V.M., kand.veterin.nauk

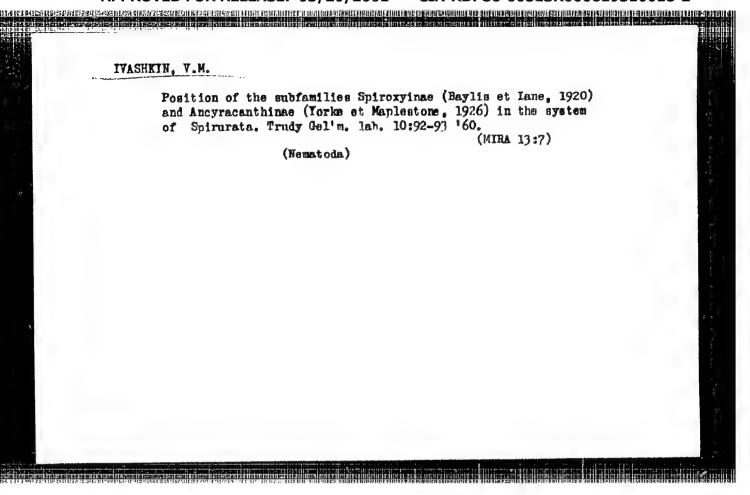
Parabronematosis in ruminants. Veterinariia 36 no.6:26-28

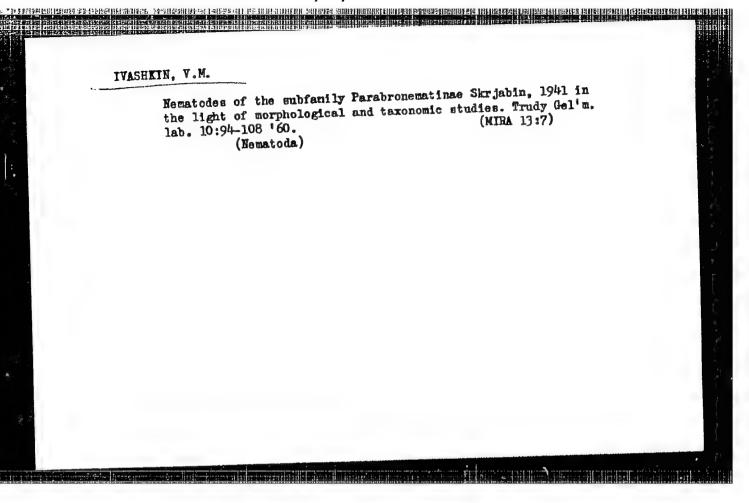
MIRA 12:10)

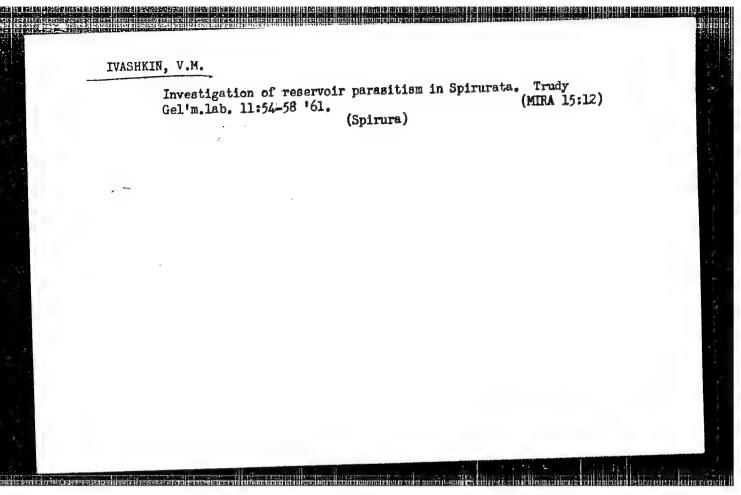
Jo '59.

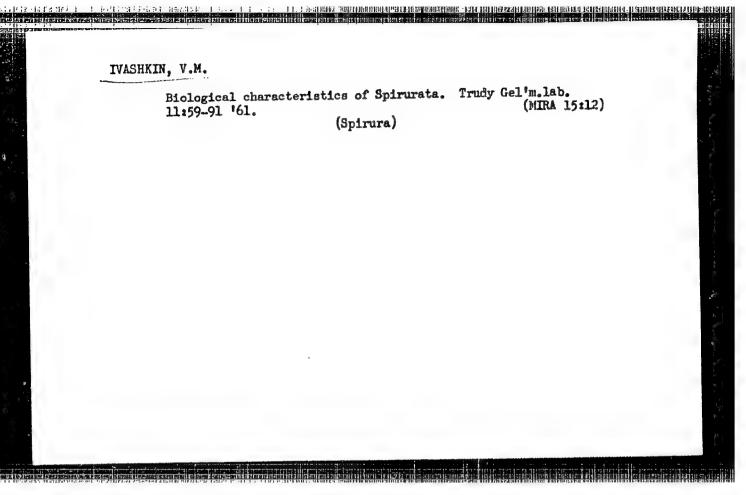
1. Gel'mintologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR.

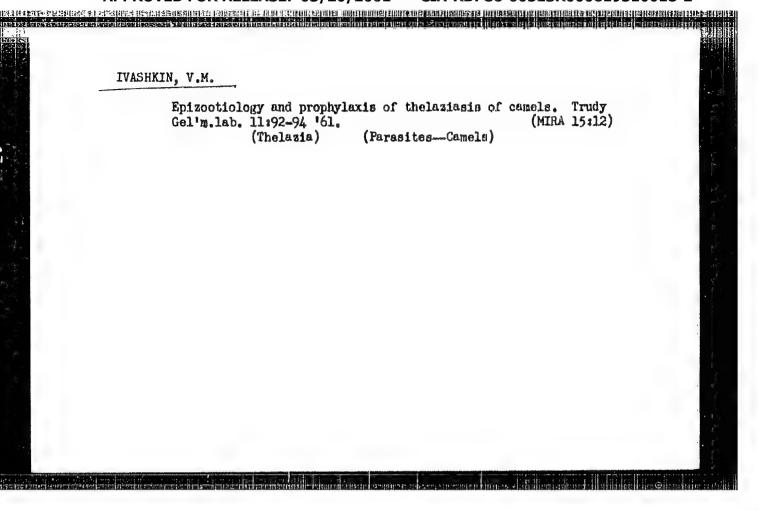
(Nematoda) (Ruminantia—Diseases and pests)

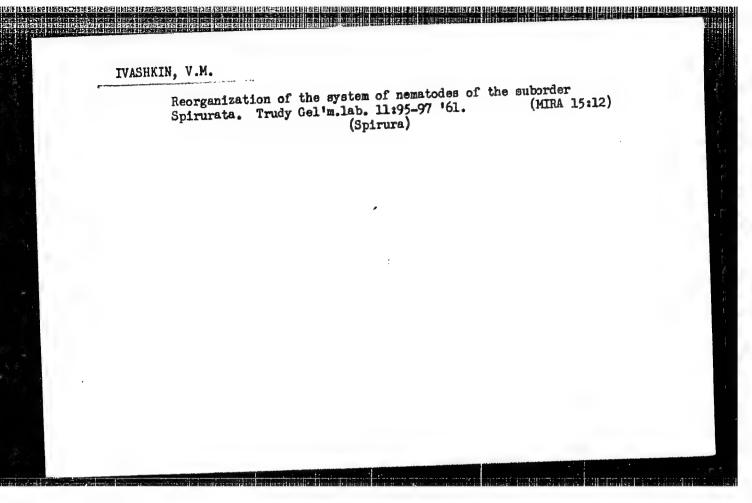


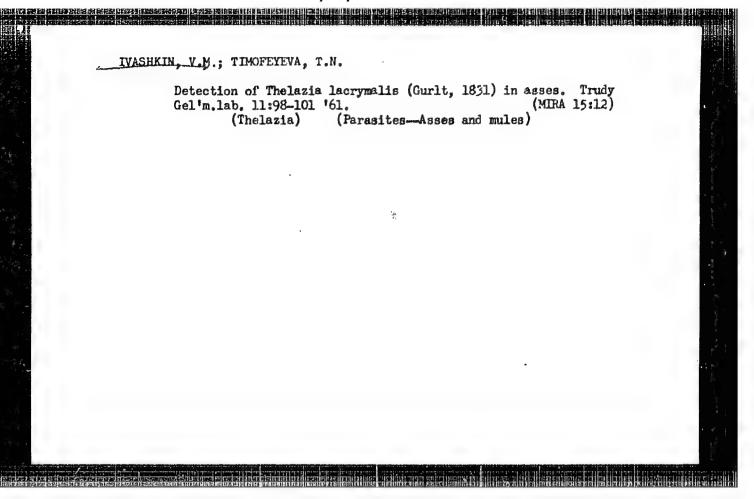


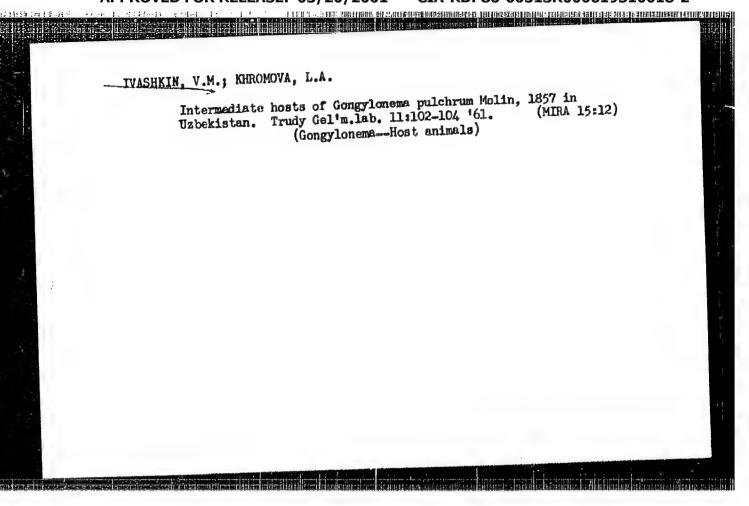


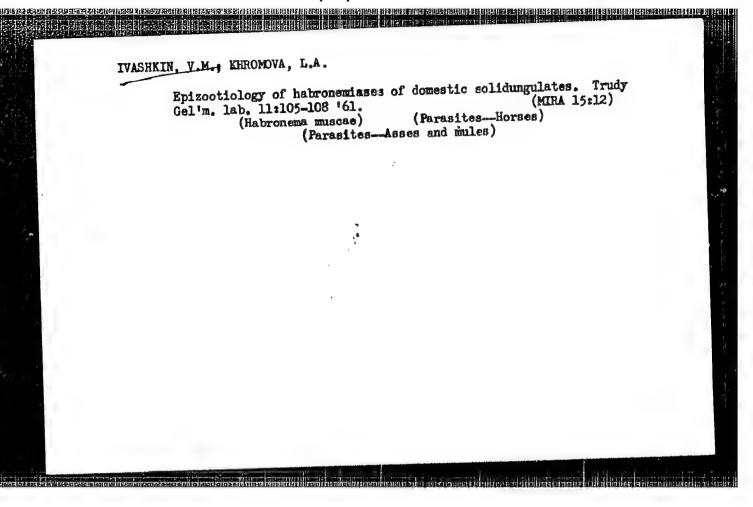








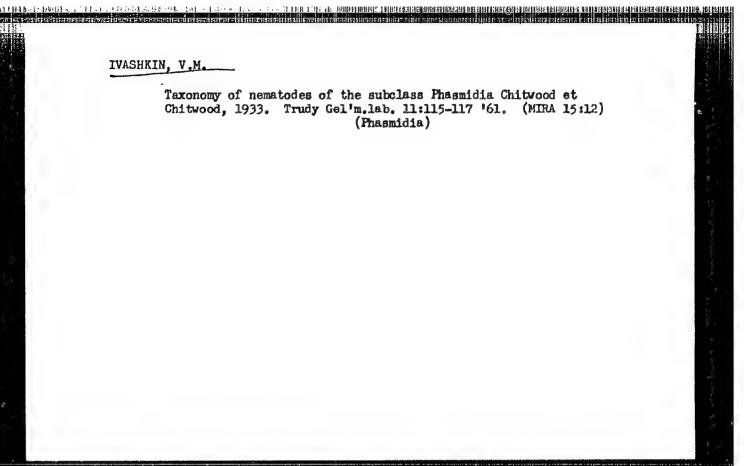




JVASHKIN, V.M.; TIMOFEYEVA, T.N.; KHROMOVA, L.A.

Causative agents of stephanophilariasis in cattle. Trudy Gel'm.
lab. 11:109-114 '61.

(Parasites—Cattle) (Stephanofilaria)



SKRYABIN, Konstantin Ivanovich, akademik; SOBOLEV, Andrey Andreyevich, prof.;
Prinimal uchastiye IVASHKIN, V.M., doktor veterin.nauk; POPOVA, T.I.,
red.izd-va; LAUT, V.G., takhn.red.

[Spirurata of animals and man and the diseases caused by them.

Part 1. Spiruroidei] (Spiruraty zhivotnykh i cheloveka i
vyzyvaemye imi zabolevaniia. Pt. 1. Spiruroidei. Moskva, Isd...vo
Akad. nauk SSSR, Gel*mintologicheskaia laboratoriia. Osnovy
nematodologii, vol. 11).

(Nematoda)

IVASHKIN, V.M.; KHROMOVA, L.A.; SHMYTOVA, G.Ya.

Deciphering the developmental cycle of the namatode Staphanofilaria stilesi Chirwood, 1934, a parasite of the skin of ruminants. Dokl. AN SSSR 153 no.5:1223-1224 D 63.

(MIRA 17:1)

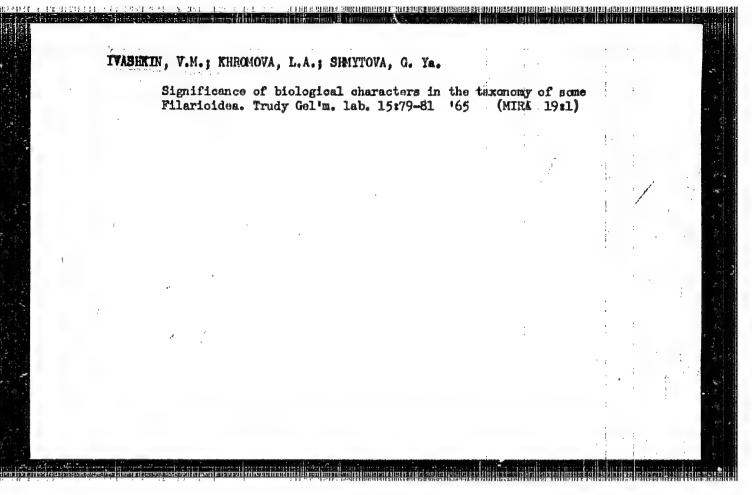
1. Gel'mintologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom K.I. Skryabinym.

IVASHKIN, V. M.

"Typification of the biological cycles of the nematodes developing with the participation of the Intermediate hosts."

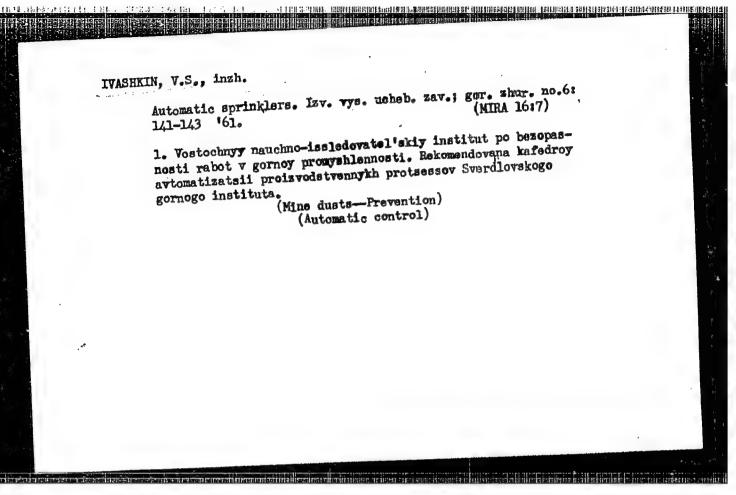
report submitted for 1st Intl Cong, Parasitology, Rome, 21-26 Sep 1964.

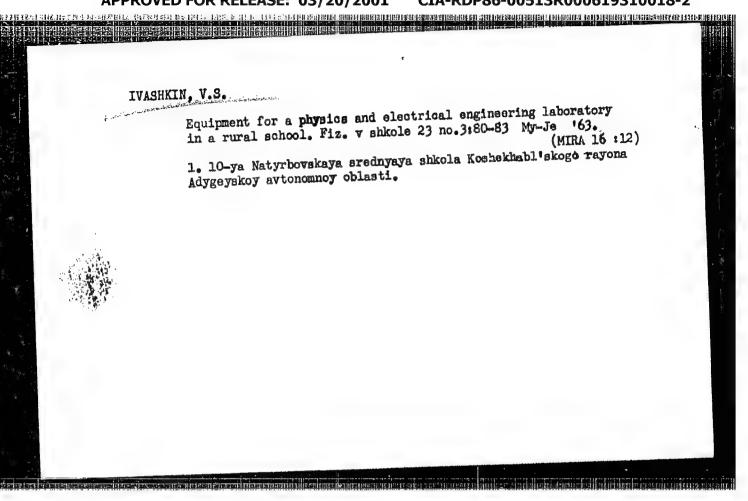
Lab of Helminthology, AS USSR, 33 Leninskiy Prospect, Moscow.



IVASHKIN, V.M.; KHROMOVA, L.A.

Biological characteristics of nematodes of the suborder Camallanata Chitwood, 1936. Trudy Gel'm. lab. 14:98-104 164... (MIRA 17:10)





FATUYEV, N.G., gornyy inzh.; IVASHKIN, V.S., gornyy inzh.; BUDYREV, A.N., kand.geol.-mineral.nauk

Forced ventilation of strip mines using aircraft. Gor.zhur. no.12:59-60 D '64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. NIIOGR, Chelyabinsk.

ONTIN, Ye.I., inzh.; IVASHKIN, V.S.

Evaluating existing types of sprinklers and selecting the optimal conditions for their operation. Nauch. soob. VostNII no.1:30-34 '61. (MIRA 18:5)

GUMIER, T.V.; N. DIEV-N, V.T.; KOPYTOVA, M.YE.; ACBLY, A.A.

Relation between homocomponentation and the goverity of burns in man. Pat. fiziol. i ckep. torap. 9 nc./159-6/, J1-kg '66'.

(KIRA 18:9)

1. Voyenno-weditsingkuya ordena Lenima akademlya imeni S.M.

Kirova, Leningrad.

GUBLER, Ye.V., doktor med. nauk; POLONSKIY, Yu.Z.; IVASHKIN, V.T.; LEGEZA, V.I.

Statistical analysis of the morphological state of the blood in healthy persons and its importance for the diagnosis of various diseases. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi 9 no.7:26-32 Jl '64.

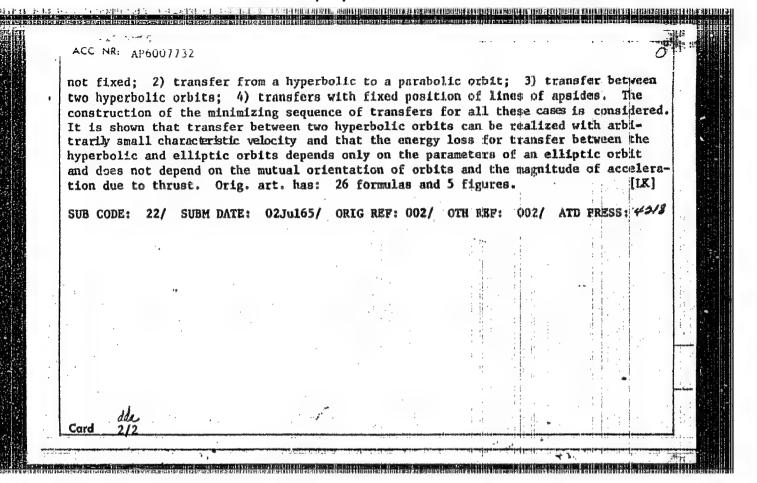
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Voyenno-meditsinskaya ordena Lenina akademiya imeni Kirova i Leningradskiy universitet imeni Zhdanova.

() (mo(m) 3/345(d)/r IJP(a) GW
L 13476-66 EVT(d)/EVT(1)/EVP(m)/FS(V)-3/EVA(d)/T IJP(a) GW SOURCE CODE: UH/0295/65/003/005/0684/0686
ACC NR: AP5026047
AUTHORS: Dashkov, A. A.; Ivashkin, V. V.
ORG: none
TITLE: An unusual property of a family of hyperbolic trajectories
SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye iseledovaniya, v. 3, no. 5, 1965, 664-686
TOPIC TAGS: trajectory determination, orbit trajectory, interplanetary trajectory, hyperbolic orbit
ABSTRACT: An unusual property of an axially symmetric family of hyperbolic trajectories of a material point about a planet is derived. The axial trajectory of trajectories have the family passes through the center of the planet, and all the trajectories have the the family passes through the center of the planet, and all the trajectories have the same direction and magnitude of the velocity vector V_{00} at infinity. Using the result same direction and magnitude of the velocity vector of magnitude $V_A^{\mu} = (2\mu/\rho_A) + V_a^{\mu}$ and the that the angle between the velocity vector of magnitude $V_A^{\mu} = (2\mu/\rho_A) + V_a^{\mu}$ and the radius vector P_A from the center of the planet and to the point A is:
$a \approx \sin a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}}$
where b is the impact parameter, and μ is the product of the planetary mass and the where b is the impact parameter, and μ is the product of the planetary mass and the gravitational constant, it is shown that there is a distance can be found from
gravitational constant, it is snown that the family. This distance can be found from to terms in a for all trajectories of the family. This distance can be found from UDC: \$21.112
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the moon, using the	$ ho_B^*=2k_A\rho_A$, . Rumerical results are presented for the earth, Venus, Mars, planetary radius for $ ho_A$ and $V_{00}=1-4$ km/sec characteristic light. Orig. art. has: 19 equations, 1 diagram, and 1 table.	and
	SUBM DATE: 14Apr65	
*41		-

·	ACC NR. AP6007732 SOURCE CODE: 118/0293/46/004/0011/0013/0025
	SOURCE CODE: 08/0293/00/0001/001//0025
,	AUTHOR: Ivashkin, V. V.
	ORG: none
	TITLE: Energy optimum transfers from the hyperbolic orbit without limitation upon the transfer time
	SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniya, v. 4, no. 1, 1966, 17-25
	TOPIC TAGS: celestial mechanics, transfer trajectory minimizing sequence
14 15	ABSTRACT: Energy-optimum transfers between the initial hyperbolic orbit and certain other orbits in a Newtonian gravitational field with one gravitational center are analyzed under the assumptions that there are no constraints upon the point of application of the impulse, the parameters of transfer orbits, and the transfer time. The problem analyzed here consists in the construction of the minimizing sequence of transfer trajectories on which the value of the characteristic velocity W corresponding to the many-impulse or finite-thrust transfers tends to the lower bound (inf W) on the set of all transfers between two given orbits. To determine the variation of the elements of an arbitrary trajectory (total energy E, focal parameter p, and pericentric distance r_{π}), their derivatives with respect to W are derived. The derived expressions are used to analyze the following basic problems: pplane transfer between the hyperbolic and parabolic orbits when the mutual position of lines of apsides is
	Card 1/2 UDC: 519.34:629.191
2 100	



EWT(1)/EWP(m) UR/0293/66/004/003/0339/0343 L 42121-66 SOURCE CODE: (A,N) ACC NR: AP6019586 Ivashkin, V. V. AUTHOR: Single impulse transfer from a hyperbolic to an elliptic orbit with a radial ORG: none TITLE: impulse SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniye, v. 4, no. 3, 1966, 339-343 TOPIC TAGS: orbit transfer, orbit calculation ABSTRACT: An analysis is presented of a single impulse transfer from a hyperbolic to an elliptic orbit with a radial impulse. The initial hyperbolic orbit is characterized by the parameters V_{∞} , the velocity at infinity and ρ , the impact parameter, and the final elliptic orbit by r_{α} and r_{π} , the apocentric and paricentric distances When the radial velocity after the impulse is zero, the respectively (see Fig. 1). velocity is v = V-0/r. An elliptical orbit is obtained for while a parabolic orbit is obtained for $r = r_p$ and a circular orbit for $r = r_c = 2r_p$. 529.3:629.191 Cord 1/2

Fig. 1.

Here μ is the product of the gravitational constant and the mass of the attracting point. The required velocity impulse is $V_{imp} = \sqrt{V_{\infty}^{2} + \frac{2\mu}{r}(1-r_{p}/r)}.$ The corresponding expressions are also derived for the general case of nonzero radial velocity after impulse. The author thanks V_{i} . A. Yegorov, A. K. Flatonov, and A. A.

SUB CODE: 22/ SUBM DATE: O6May65/ ATD PRESS:

ACC NR: AP6028330

SOURCE CODE: UR/0293/66/004/004/0510/0521

AUTHOR: Ivashkin, v. v.

ORG: none

(1)

TITLE: Optimal impulse transfer trajectories between two orbits constraints upon the distance from the center of gravitation

SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniya, v. 4, no. 4, 1966, 510-521

TOPIC TAGS: orbital transfer, impulse transfer trajectory optimal orbital transfer thust impulse

ABSTRACT: The peculiarities of the energy-optimal transfer trajectories between two coplanar orbits in a central force field are analyzed under the assumptions that the distance r of a moving body from the center of gravitation is constrained as follows:

rmin & r & rmax

and that the relative position of the apsidal lines of the initial and the terminal orbits is not known. The necessary conditions which the parameters of the optimal transfer trajectory at the points of application of impulses must satisfy are derived under the assumption

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UDC: 629.191

Secretarian (1963) (18 print) in morning incommentation of the particular and the particu L 43939-56 AP6028330 ACC NR: that such an optimal transfer trajectory exists. It is proved that the intermediate points of the optimal transfer trajectory (the points between the initial and terminal points) at which the impulses are applied are apsidal, that is, the radial velocity components before the application of the impulse and after the impulse are equal to zero. The general results derived here are applied to the solution of two concrete impulse transfer problems: 1) optimal transfer between elliptic and hyperbolic orbits; 2) optimal transfer between two elliptic orbits. Orig. art. has: 11 figures and 39 formulas. [LK] SUBM DATE: 02Jul65/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 004 SUB CODE: ATD PRESS: 506/ hs Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP7000542 SOURCE CODE:

SOURCE CODE: UR/0293/66/004/006/0795/0804

AUTHOR: Ivashkin, V. V.

ORG: none

TITLE: Optimal transfer between elliptic orbits lying in a specified ring

SCURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniya, v. 4, no. 6, 1966, 795-804

TOPIC TAGS: orbit transfer, orbit trajectory, elliptic orbit, continuous function, minimization, differential equation, optimal control, vector function

ABSTRACT: The two-dimensional problem of determining the optimal trajectory for transfer between orbits in a central Newtonian force field is examined. Optimal is defined as minimum characteristic velocity. The initial orbits lie in a specified ring with the center at the attracting point:

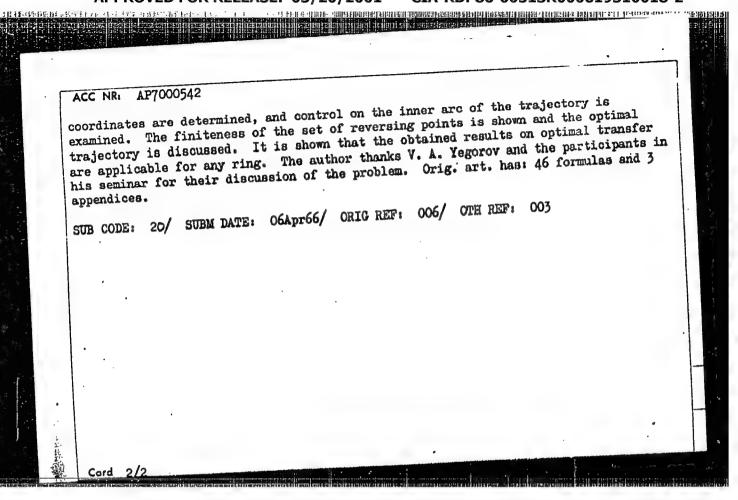
 $0 < r_{min} \le r \le r_{max} < \infty, \ r_{min} \le r_{max}.$ The initial and final orbits T_i and T_f of the transfer belong to the ring K, i.e.,

their peri- and apocentric distances $r_{\pi i}$, $r_{\alpha i}$, $r_{\pi f}$, $r_{\alpha f}$ satisfy the inequalities

The lines of apsides of orbits T_i and T_f are not fixed. The constraints on the phase

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VDC: 519.3:629.191



ACC NR UR/0293/66/004/006/0805/0814 SOURCE CODE: AP7000543 Ivashkin, V. V. AUTHOR: ORG: none TITLE: Classification and analysis of optimal pulse transfers, in the presence of constraints, on the distance from the attracting center SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniya, v. 4, no. 6, 1966, 805-814 TOPIC TAGS: orbit transfer, orbit trajectory, elliptic orbit, minimization, orbit parameter ABSTRACT: The two-dimensional problem of the optimal transfer between orbits in a central Newtonian force field is examined. Optimal is defined as minimum characteristic velocity. During transfer, the moving point must remain within a specified ring with its center at the attracting point. Five types of initial orbits are classified: $r_n < r_{\min}, \quad r_{\min} \le r_{\alpha} \le r_{\max}$ $r_{\min} \leqslant r_{\pi} \leqslant r_{\max}, \quad s_{\alpha} < s_{\max}$

and

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ACC NR: AP7000543

Three classes of transfers are distinguished. Analysis of two classes of transfers shows that the optimal apsidal transfers for the specified orbits must be known to determine the optimal trajectories of the transfers. All possible versions of optimal apsidal transfers are examined. The obtained results reduce the general problem of optimal pulse transfer in a ring to the problem of minimization of a function of several variables

 $w_{ii}(\Delta V_i, \Delta V_N) = |\Delta V_i| + w_{aps}(\Delta V_i, \Delta V_N) + |\Delta V_N|,$

where $|\Delta V_1|$ and $|\Delta V_N|$ are the boundary pulses at the initial and final points of the transfer trajectory; w_{aps} is the sum of the pulses for optimal apsidal transfer between orbits T_2 and T_N . Some particular cases are considered. Orig. art. has: 13 formulas, 12 diagrams, and 5 graphs.

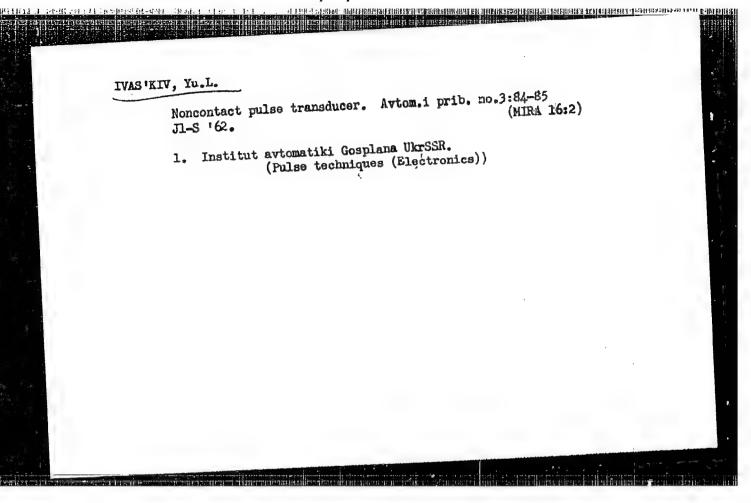
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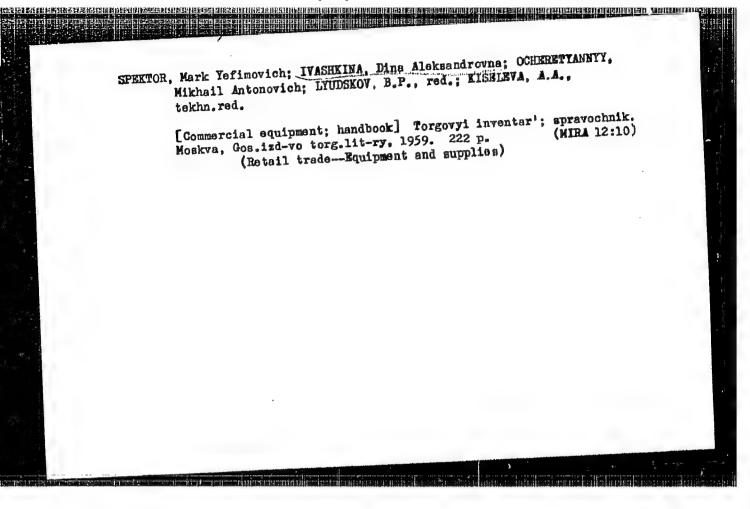
Card 2/2

IVASHKIN, Yevdokim Fomich; ZHELUDKOV, Aleksey Petrovich; BAGRANOVA, B., red.; SKVORTSOVA, L., tekhn.red.

[For an abundance of inexpensive farm produce] Za izobilia deabevoi produktaii. Koatroma, Kostromakoa knizhnoa izd-vo, 1960.

25 p. (Nerekhta District--Collective Larms)





ACCESSION NR: AP4022337 8/0301/64/010/001/0024/0027

AUTHOR: Maslov, S. P.; Ivashkina, I. N.

TITLE: In vivo investigation with amytal of the relation between free and nonphosphorylating respiration

SOURCE: Voprosys meditsinskoy khimii, v. 10, no. 1, 1964, 24-27

TOPIC TAGS: phosphorylating respiration, free respiration, amytal administration, cold conditioned animal, gas exchange resistance

ABSTRACT: Free (nonphosphorylating) and phosphorylating respiration changes were investigated in vivo in white mice because literature data are based only on in vitro tissue culture investigations. White mice were conditioned to cold with subcutaneous injections of sodium amytal solution to withstand -15°C for 10 hrs. General gas exchange resistance to amytal was determined in a gas exchange chamber the first day after it was introduced and the day after conditioning to -15°C. Results show that the general gas exchange of animals conditioned to cold is three times more resistant to amytal than that of control animals. This result concurs with data obtained for

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	ACCESSION NR: AP4022337
	respiration changes in isolated muscle mitochondria. Amytal inhibits phosphorylating respiration but not free respiration in an intact organism. The use of amytal is recommended for respiration change analyses in in vivo investigations. "The authors take the opportunity to express their deep appreciation to S. Ye. Severin for his support during this study." Orig. art. has: 1 table.
	ASSOCIATION: Biologo-pochvenyy* fakul'tet Moskovskogo gosudarstvenno- go universiteta im. M. V. Lomonosova (Biology-Soil Department of the Moscow State University)
	SUBMITTED: 16Mar63 DATE ACQ: 19Feb64 ENCL: 00
	SUB CODE: LS NR REF SOV: 008 OTHER: 012
1	

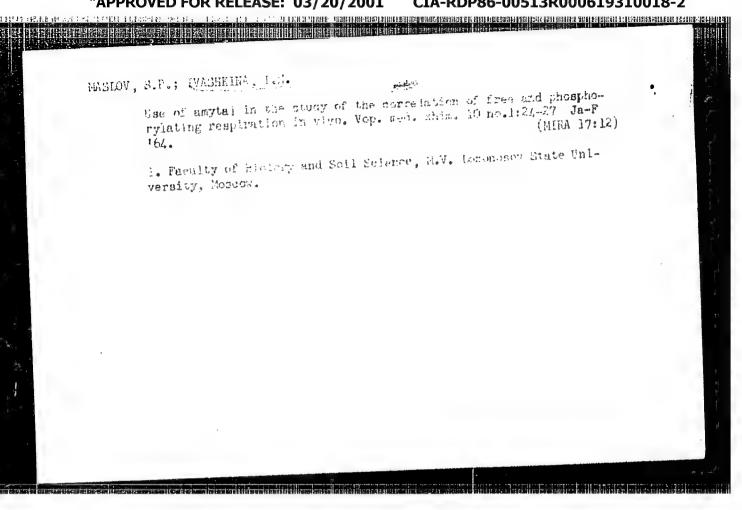
MASLOV, S.P.; IVASHKINA, I.N.

Adaptation of white mice to low temperatures as a result of an acute periodical exposure to cold and accompanying changes of some physiological indices of energy metabolism in the body.

Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.2:59-63 '65.

(MIRA 18:5)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy zoologii pozvonochnykh Moskovskego gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova.



CIA-RDP86-00513R000619310018-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

ZAYEV, Petr Petrovich, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; ZHEZHEL', Nikolay Grigor'yevich, doktor sel'skokhoz.nauk; PEDOSETEVA, Marianna Petrovna, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; IVASHKINA, L.A., red.; CHUNATEVA, Z.V., tekhn.red.

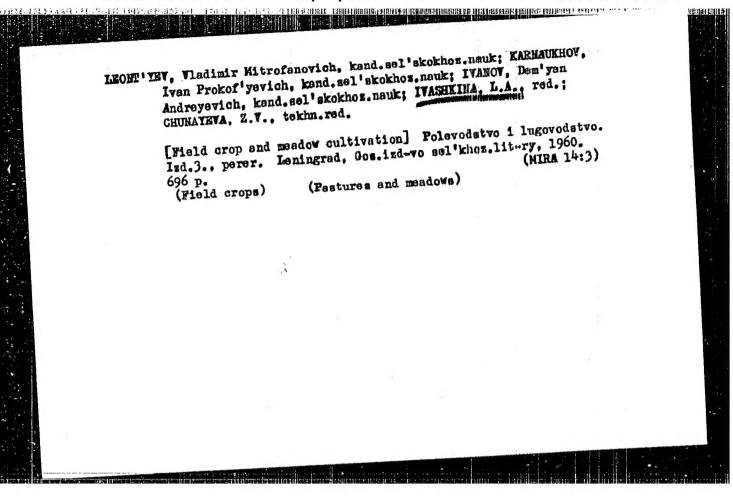
[General agriculture] Obshches semledelie. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 367 p. (MIRA 13:11)

(Agriculture)

POPOVA, Gali Mikhaylovna, prof., doktor sel'skokhoz.nauk; LECHT'YEV,
Vladimir Mitrofanovich, dotsent, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; KOZLOVA,
Favsta Ivanovna, dotsent, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; ABRAMOVA,
Zinaida Vasil'yevna, dotsent, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; IVASHKINA,
L.A., red.; CHUNAYEVA, Z.V., tekhn.red.

[Guide to practice lessons in the breeding and seed production of field crops] Rukovodstvo k prakticheskim zaniatiiam po selektsii i semenovodstvu polevykh kul'tur. Ind.2., perer. Pod red. G.M.Popevoi. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 376 p.

(Field crops)



IVANOV, D.A.; IVASHKINA, L.A., red.; EARANOVA, L.G., tekhn. red.

[Growing sugar beets for cattle feeding] Vyrashchivanie sakharnoi svekly na korm skotu. Leningrad, Sel'khozizdat, 1962.

(MRA 15:7)

81 p.

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom kormovogo proixvodstva Savero-Zapadnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sel'skogo khomyaystva (for Ivanov).

(Russia, Nortwestern—Sugar beets)